

# TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

## Polycarbonate

(PC)

Polycarbonate is best known for its impact resistance but has additional properties like: Optical transparency, excellent creep resistance, wide temperature range, high dimensional stability, good electrical characteristics and self-extinguishing behavior. Polycarbonate's good heat resistance offers a high melt temperature (it does require higher processing temperatures).

Polycarbonate is a tough, dimensionally stable, transparent thermoplastic that has many applications which demand high performance properties. This versatile thermoplastic maintains its properties over a wide range of temperatures, from -40°F to 280°F. It has the highest impact resistance of any Thermoplastic, transparent up to 2" in special grades, outstanding dimensional and thermal stability, exceptional machinability, stain resistant and non-toxic while having low water absorption.

Machine Grade is relatively stress free to permit the most demanding machining. It is also available in glass-filled. This polycarbonate grade is perfect for high performance uses in tough applications over a broad temperature range.

Window Grade is optically clear, providing total luminous transmittance and a very low haze factor. The high impact strength makes it resistant to repeated blows, shattering and spalling. Glass Filled Grade

Glass-reinforced polycarbonate is primarily selected as a replacement for die-cast aluminum and zinc, when these metals are being used and an upgrade is desired. The coefficient of thermal expansion is reduced by nearly 75%, thus equaling that of some metals. While glass-reinforced has less impact strength than standard grades, it is still tougher and more impact resistant than most other plastics and die cast aluminum.

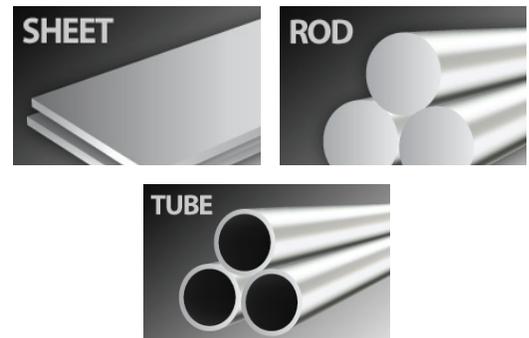
### Benefits

- Impact resistance
- Durability
- Machinability
- Formability
- Transparent
- Easily cleaned
- Scratches easily removed
- Temperature range
- UV stable
- High dielectric strength

### Applications

- Medical components
- Lenses
- Equipment housings
- Electronics
- Defense
- Automotive
- Lighting fixtures
- Vehicle windows
- Structural parts
- Nameplates and bezels

### SHAPES AVAILABLE



**SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**



## TYPICAL PROPERTIES of POLYCARBONATE

ASTM or UL test	Property	Unfilled	30% Glass
<b>PHYSICAL</b>			
D792	Density (lb/in <sup>3</sup> ) (g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	0.043 1.2	0.052 1.43
D570	Water Absorption, 24 hrs (%)	0.12	0.12
<b>MECHANICAL</b>			
D638	Tensile Strength (psi)	9,500	19,000
D638	Tensile Modulus (psi)	320,000	-
D638	Tensile Elongation at Break (%)	60	10
D790	Flexural Strength (psi)	15,000	23,000
D790	Flexural Modulus (psi)	375,000	1,100,000
D695	Compressive Strength (psi)	12,000	18,000
D695	Compressive Modulus (psi)	240,000	500,000
D785	Hardness, Rockwell	M70 / R118	M92
D256	IZOD Notched Impact (ft-lb/in)	13	2
<b>THERMAL</b>			
D696	Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion (x 10 <sup>-5</sup> in./in./°F)	3.9	1.2
D648	Heat Deflection Temp (°F / °C) at 264 psi	270 / 132	295 / 146
D3418	Glass Transition Temp (°F / °C)	293 / 145	300 / 149
-	Max Operating Temp (°F / °C)	250 / 121	270 / 132
C177	Thermal Conductivity (BTU-in/ft <sup>2</sup> -hr-°F) (x 10 <sup>-4</sup> cal/cm-sec-°C)	1.3 6.9	1.3 6.9
UL94	Flammability Rating @ less than .45" (11.5mm) thickness @ .45" (11.5mm) thickness and above	H-B V-0	H-B V-0
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>			
D149	Dielectric Strength (V/mil) short time, 1/8" thick	390	470
D150	Dielectric Constant at 60 Hz	3.17	3.35
D150	Dissipation Factor at 60 Hz	0.0009	0.0011
D257	Volume Resistivity (ohm-cm) at 50% RH	10 <sup>16</sup>	10 <sup>16</sup>

NOTE: The information contained herein are typical values intended for reference and comparison purposes only. They should NOT be used as a basis for design specifications or quality control. Contact us for manufacturers' complete material property datasheets.  
All values at 73°F (23°C) unless otherwise noted.